# Spotted Lanternfly (SLF): The Threat

- ♦ SLF is an exotic insect with no natural enemies present in the US. Their numbers can become very high, very quickly.
- ◆ SLF prefers Tree of Heaven but will feed on over 70+ other plants including apple, peach and cherry trees, grape vines and more.
- ◆ SLF feeding can decrease grape harvest by 75-90%.
- ♦ SLF can be a nuisance to homeowners due to honeydew and sooty mold production.
- ◆ Small trees can die and large trees will lose tips from heavy feeding.

#### **Quarantined Area**

#### Spotted Lanternfly Quarantine









https://www.vdacs.virginia.gov/plantindustry-services.shtml

P.O Box 1163 Richmond, VA 23218 804-920-5558 or 804-786-3515

spottedlanternfly@vdacs.virginia.gov

www.stopslf.org

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#### The Quarantine

In May of 2019, the Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (VDACS) enacted a quarantine for Spotted Lanternfly (SLF). Before moving regulated items out of the quarantined area they must be free of SLF.

#### **Regulated articles**

## Regulated Articles include but are not limited to:

- Any life stage of Spotted Lanternfly,
- All plant parts living and dead,
- Outdoor industrial and construction material, landscaping and remodeling waste,
- · Packing materials, crates and pallets,
- Outdoor household articles,
- Conveyances of any type, cars, trucks, ATVs, boats and trailers.

Essentially anything that has been outside.

#### **Moving Regulated Articles**

#### Who needs a permit

A permit to allow businesses to conduct self inspections can be obtained through VDACS.

#### How to get a permit

This is a train the trainer program. A company representative takes an on-line training through Virginia Tech.

Once successfully completed, the trained staff will receive a Training Credential. By submitting the Training Credential and a SLF permit application to spottedlanternfly@ vdacs.virginia.gov, the business will receive a permit.

The trained staff person trains other employees as inspectors.

A link to the training and the permit application can be found at: <a href="https://www.vdacs.virginia.gov/plant-industry-services.shtml">https://www.vdacs.virginia.gov/plant-industry-services.shtml</a>

#### **Best Management Practices**

- Kill any life stage of SLF found.
- Before moving regulated items, inspect for and kill SLF when found.
- Manage Ailanthus altissima, Tree of Heaven, SLF's favorite host.
   Remove 90% of all Tree of Heaven on your property using a herbicide and treat the remaining 10% with an insecticide.
- Keep windows and doors shut and do not park near trees or shrubs.
- Do not store items under or near trees or shrubs.

Virginia Permits and Inspection Statements will be honored by other states and VDACS will honor other state permits.



### **How To Identify Spotted Lanternfly**

There is one generation a year. Egg masses over winter.

EARLY INSTAR NYMPHS: May-June
Dark blue with white spots,
Small, up to 3/8 inches



FOURTH INSTAR NYMPH:
June to Sept.
Bright red with white



ADULTS: July to first hard frost About an inch long and 1/2 wide



Adults start laying eggs in Sept.



EGG MASSES: Mid-Sept.—May Shiny Grey to dull grey brown Hard to the touch



Egg mass on bark